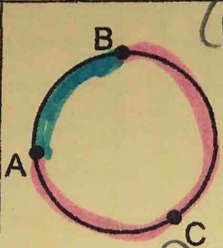
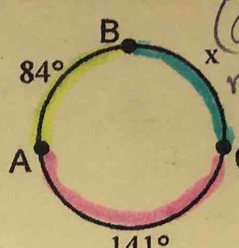
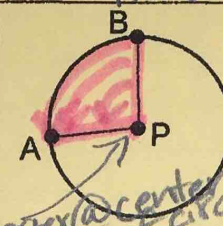
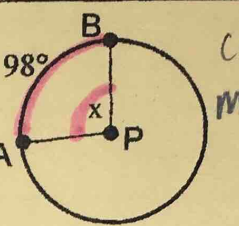
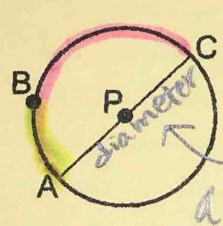
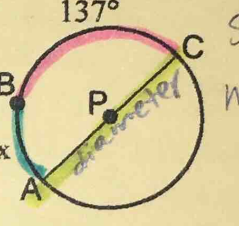
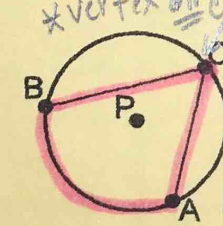
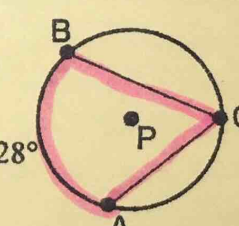
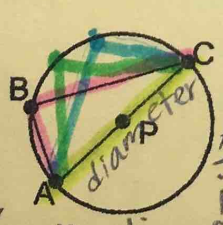
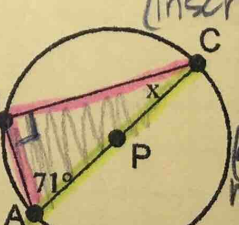
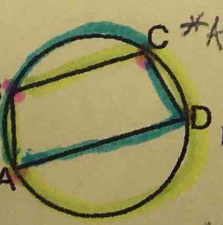
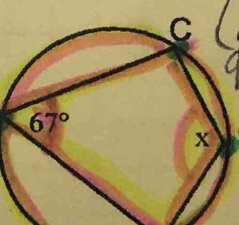
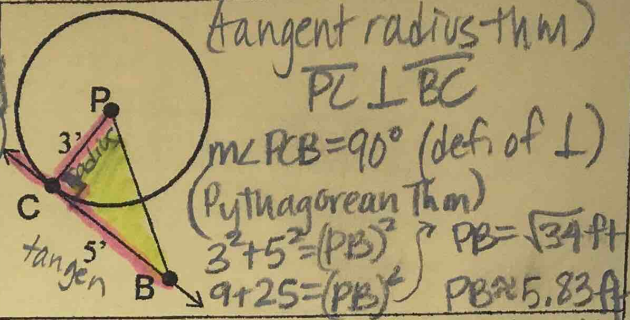
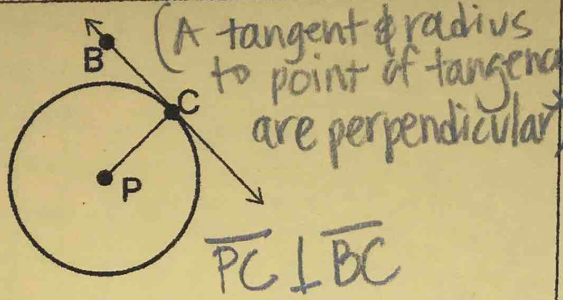


## CIRCLE JUSTIFICATIONS

Justification	Diagram/Set Up	Example
Circle = $360^\circ$	 <p>(pieces of arc that together form circle)</p> $m\widehat{AB} + m\widehat{BCA} = 360^\circ$	 <p>(circle = <math>360^\circ</math>)</p> $m\widehat{AB} + m\widehat{BC} + m\widehat{CA} = 360^\circ$ $84 + x + 141 = 360$ $x + 225 = 360$ $x = 135^\circ = m\widehat{BC}$
Central $\angle$ = Arc Measure	 <p>doesn't matter where we measure the degrees of the angle! vertex @ center of circle!</p> $m\angle APB = m\widehat{AB}$	 <p>central <math>\angle</math> = arc measure</p> $m\angle APB = m\widehat{AB}$ $x = 98^\circ = m\angle APB$
Semicircle = $180^\circ$	 <p>*diameter cuts a circle in HALF</p> $m\widehat{AB} + m\widehat{BC} = 180^\circ$	 <p>Semicircle = <math>180^\circ</math></p> $m\widehat{AB} + m\widehat{BC} = 180^\circ$ $x + 137 = 180$ $x = 43^\circ = m\widehat{AB}$
Inscribed $\angle$ Thm	 <p>*vertex on circle!</p> $m\angle ACB = \frac{1}{2} m\widehat{AB}$ <p>OR</p> $m\widehat{AB} = 2(m\angle ACB)$	 <p>Inscribed <math>\angle</math> Thm</p> $m\angle ACB = \frac{1}{2} m\widehat{AB}$ $m\angle ACB = \frac{1}{2} (128^\circ)$ $m\angle ACB = 64^\circ$
Inscribed $\angle$ of Semicircle = $90^\circ$	 <p>ANY <math>\angle</math> inscribed in a semicircle (combination of semicircle = <math>180^\circ</math> &amp; inscribed <math>\angle</math> thm)</p> $m\angle ABC = 90^\circ$	 <p>(inscribed <math>\angle</math> of semicircle = <math>90^\circ</math>)</p> $m\angle ABC = 90^\circ$ <p>(<math>\Delta</math> sum thm)</p> $m\angle A + m\angle B + m\angle C = 180^\circ$ $71^\circ + 90^\circ + x = 180^\circ$ $x = 19^\circ = m\angle C$
Opposite $\angle$ s of a cyclic quadrilateral are supplementary	 <p>*All vertices ON the circle!</p> $m\angle B + m\angle D = 180^\circ$ <p>OR</p> $m\angle A + m\angle C = 180^\circ$	 <p>(opposite <math>\angle</math>s in cyclic quadrilateral are supplementary)</p> $m\angle B + m\angle D = 180^\circ$ $67^\circ + x = 180^\circ$ $x = 113^\circ = m\angle D$

# CIRCLE JUSTIFICATIONS

**Tangent Radius Thm**



**Circumscribed  $\angle$  & Central  $\angle$  (w/ same intercepted arc) are supplementary**

