Vocabulary Toolkit

|  | Term | Definition / Additional Information |
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| 1.3 | Logarithm | For all positive numbers $a$, where $a \neq 1$, and all positive numbers <br> $x, y=\log _{a} x$ means the same as $x=a^{y}$. |
| 1.4 <br> T | One-to-one <br> function | A function in which for every x there is exactly one y and for <br> every y, there is exactly one x. A one-to-one function has an <br> inverse that is also a function. |
| T | Inverse Function | A function that "reverses" another function: if the function $f$ <br> applied to an input $x$ gives a result of $y$, then applying its inverse <br> function $g$ to $y$ gives the result $x$. If $f(g(x))=x=g(f(x))$ then <br> $g(x)=f^{-1}(x)$. A function has an inverse function only if it is one- <br> to-one. If a function is not one-to-one, it is possible to restrict the <br> domain of the function to make it one-to-one and define an <br> inverse function. |
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