## Solving and Graphing One Variable Inequalities

The solution to an inequality is the set of values that make the inequality \_\_\_\_\_. You solve an inequality very much like you would solve \_\_\_\_\_, except you have to keep in mind that some operations will the inequality symbol. Anytime you \_\_\_\_\_, you must remember that it \_\_\_\_\_the relationship and you must \_\_\_\_\_ \_ the inequality symbol. The value that you end up with when *x* is by itself is called the Solve: 3(x - 4) + 2 < 14For < or >, you use a \_\_\_\_\_ dot. (The value \_\_\_\_\_ included in the solution.) For  $\leq$  or  $\geq$ , you use a \_\_\_\_\_ dot. (The value included in the solution.) Solve the following inequalities and graph the solutions. 1.  $5 - 4x \ge 25$ 2. -2(4x-5) < 4 - 2(x+3)



3. Keith has \$500 in a savings account at the beginning of the summer. He wants to have at least \$200 in the account by the end of the summer. He withdraws \$25 a week for food, clothes, and movie tickets. Write an inequality that represents Keith's situation. How many weeks can Keith withdraw money from his account? Justify your answer.